

PICTORIAL NEWSFRONT



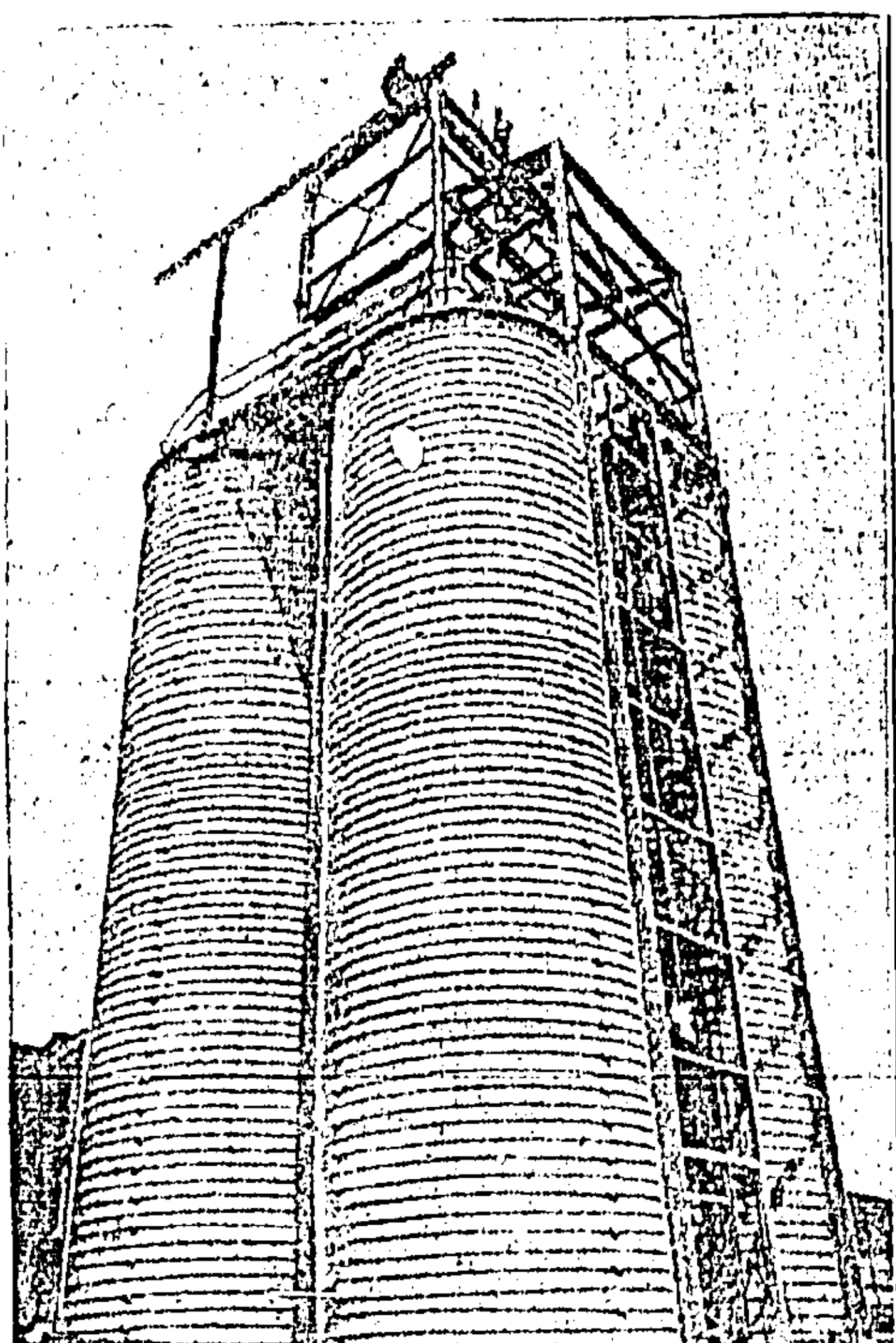
ROUGHNECKS—You wouldn't believe that these tough looking guys were incubator babies a year ago in Houston, Texas. They are twins, and both weighed four pounds, nine ounces at birth. Now they're husky chaps of almost 23 pounds apiece, and they look it.



DESTRUCTIVE FLAMES—Roaring flames swept gasoline tanks at an oil company in Flint, Michigan, when a trailer tank containing 5,000 gallons exploded. Flames were visible for ten miles and one man was seriously burned.



WAISTLINE MEETS DEADLINE—According to Johnny Weissmuller's present movie contract, he must report for a new picture weighing not more than 200 pounds or forfeit U.S.\$1,000 for each pound over the mark. Trudy Marshall weighs the star in Hollywood, California, and finds he hits the mark at a mere 199.



NEW USE FOR THEM—These 68-foot-high "silos" are built in Derry, Pennsylvania, to hold 32 railway carloads of powdery flint, feldspar and kaolin, used in the making of porcelain insulators.



EXCITEMENT IN SPAIN—These matadors parade on their way to the official stand to bow before the arena president and honoured guests in Madrid. With the bullfighters are picadors on horses who excite the animal by prodding him, and banderilleros who thrust the barbed dart into the neck or shoulder of the bull during the fight.



COCONUT-MILK TIME—Following a rough workout, these University of Miami, Florida, football players take advantage of their surroundings and sip coconut milk.



SHE'S BACK WITH US AGAIN—After a long absence from the screen during which she pioneered as a television star, Gloria Swanson is back in Hollywood and has just completed her first picture. She finds this black felt evening cap a flattering accent when covered with egret-type feathers.



SWEATER GIRL—Marjorie Fletcher, in Cypress Gardens, Florida, was chosen that state's sweater girl from a field of 16 girls. She certainly couldn't look nicer.



CASTING GEN. BRADLEY—Dr. Suzanne Silvercruys, in Chaplin, Connecticut, makes a plaster cast of the portrait bust of Gen. Omar Bradley which she has completed. It is one of a series she is making for an exhibition this autumn.



SKI-STAR ARRIVES—Stein Eriksen, Norwegian skier, arrives in New York to begin a training period before taking part in the World Championship ski meet next year.



THIS ONE DIDN'T GET AWAY—Barbara Stevenson, in Rio Vista, California, displays a 34-pound striped bass taken from the nearby Sacramento River. That's a prize-winning size for any fish.



ADVANCE BOOKING OFFICE
CHINA TRAVEL SERVICE & QUEEN'S RD. C.
BOOKING HOURS: 11.00 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. daily
(FREE CAR PARK FOR PATRONS)
— SHOWING TO-DAY —
4 SHOWS AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



ALSO: LATEST GAUMONT BRITISH NEWS
FIVE ALLIED NATIONS PARADE IN GERMANY
U.S. AIRBORNE MANOEUVRES

— TO-MORROW —

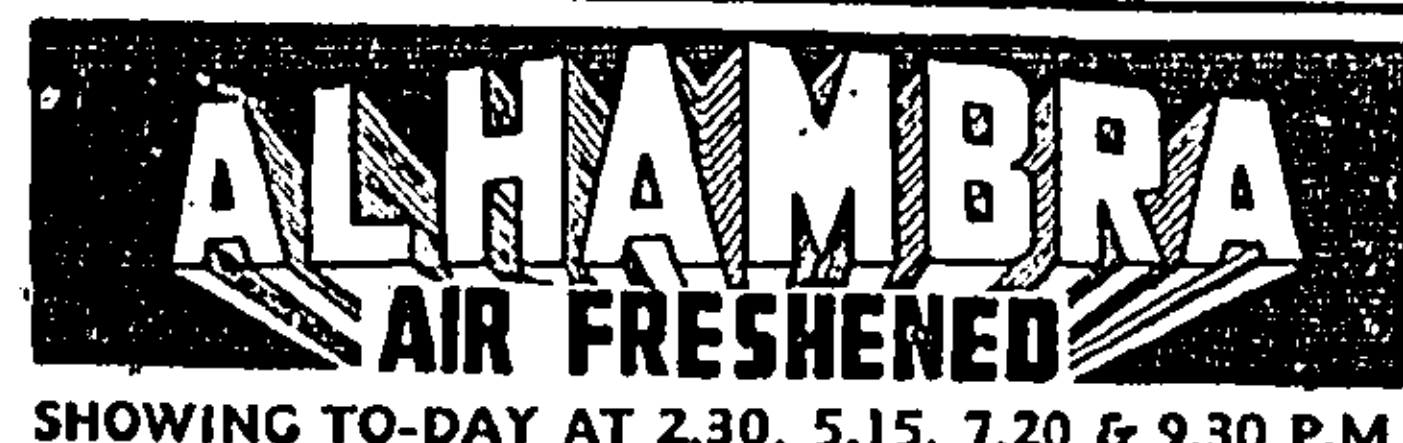


SHOWING TO-DAY **KING'S** AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.
AIR-CONDITIONED

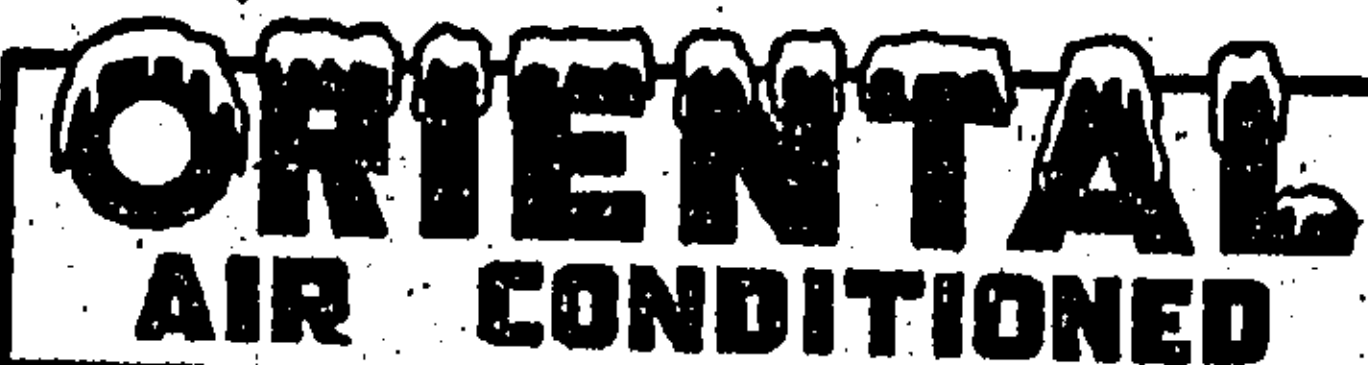


ALSO LATEST PARAMOUNT NEWS

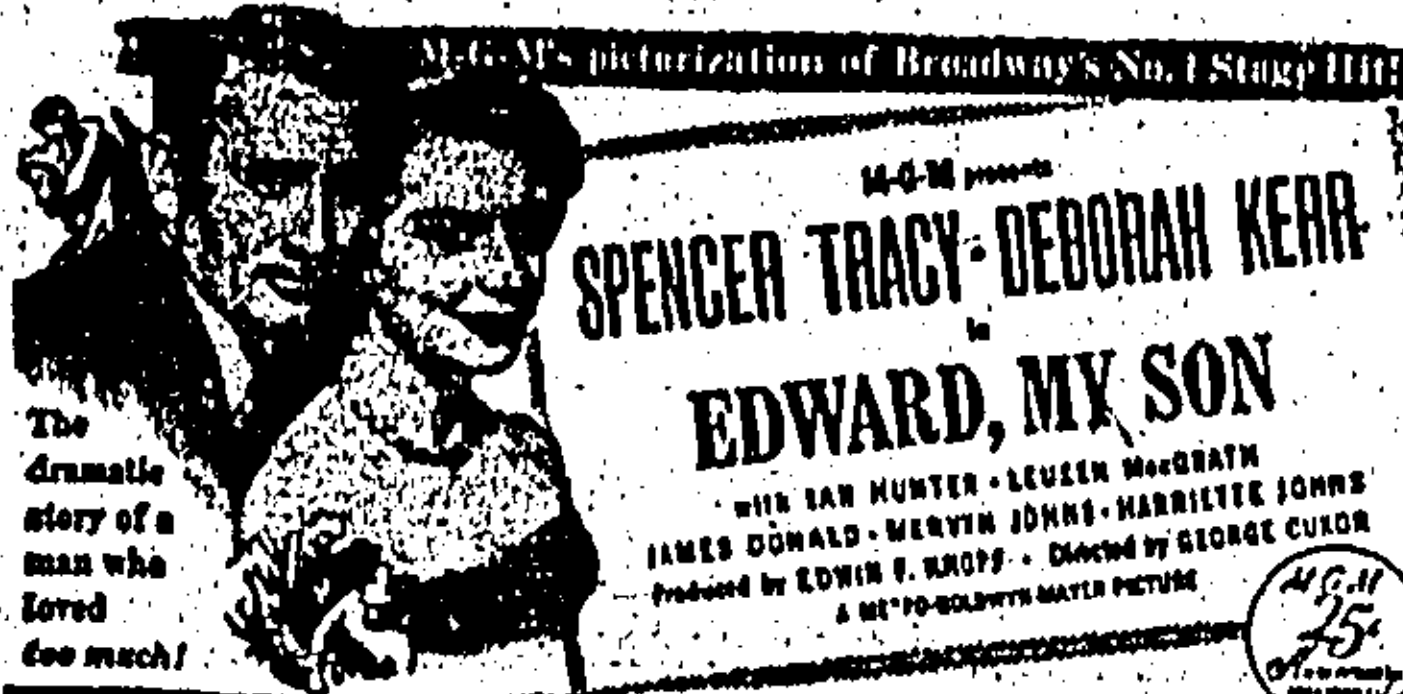
"Dusserah Celebrated in India"....."French Morocco—
Brilliant Military Review"....."World Series Finals"
....."Paris Now Auto Model", etc., etc.



SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



Final Showing To-day: 2.30—5.20—7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



A CHALLENGE TO THE LIBERALS

By CHARLES WINTOUR

THE political Manifesto which Lord Beaverbrook launched recently beats out an Empire theme with typical clarity, pungency and force. Persuasive, timely, shrewdly planned and crisply written, it is certain to reverberate like an earthquake in the political world. And how the landscape at Westminster will look after the upheaval cannot yet be foretold.

Every party, every member of Parliament, every candidate, every voter will be compelled to ask himself: "Do I stand for the Empire or against it?" The Empire is the be-all and end-all of the programme. The sections on home policy in my opinion contain some dubious vote-catching proposals.

Unchanged beliefs

IN its main outlines the Manifesto is simply a reaffirmation of Beaverbrook's most cherished political beliefs. On December 18, 1945, he spoke in the House of Lords debate on the American Loan (Incidentally, under Point Eight of the Manifesto he would say that this facility in future) He then said that there were three pillars upholding the Empire: Imperial Preference, the sterling bloc and the dollar pool. From this Manifesto it is clear that he has not changed his opinions.

Yet his thought has developed in one important respect. After our shattering experiences during the past four years he now places particular emphasis on the need for a free pound as an essential part of sterling area structure. No doubt this policy was always implicit in his doctrine. Now it is stated explicitly as a cardinal feature of the Beaverbrook programme.

Let us now examine some of the main points in this declaration, and then consider how it may alter political alignments.

Point One is, of course, the Empire. The Manifesto stands for Empire Free Trade through the extension of Imperial Preference, new colonial development projects and Empire citizenship.

The extension of Imperial Preference must include higher tariffs to keep out imports from non-Empire countries, particularly from America. So the American doctrine of non-discrimination is to be ruthlessly overturned in favour of outright discrimination in favour of the Empire. The unity of the Empire is placed first, Anglo-American relationships second.

And how will Dominion such as Canada view the proposal for selling up an Empire citizenship? Recently they have been breaking down such formal ties as still bind them to this country. Undoubtedly the

Minimum wage

POINT Two covers industry. Here are the Beavers' bribes. He offers the wage-earner a minimum weekly income of £6 to adopt the Empire faith, the middle-classes are promised reduced taxation and the capitalists and industrialists unrestricted dividends. Later on there is even something for Harry Pollitt, too.

Of course all this is for the sake of the Empire. But in my view the proposal for a minimum income is ill-advised and will detract from the weight which this Manifesto will carry in the country. An increase in the pay-packet of up to £1 a week at this moment must inevitably cause a rise in the prices of British goods abroad, thus denying to Britain the full benefit which could be gathered from the devaluation of the pound.

Also, it is not clear whether wage differentials are to be maintained. Unless craftsmen get an equivalent rise, the incentive for the working man to raise his status and increase his skill will be weakened when it should be strengthened.

But Liberals will welcome the pledge of "rigid regulation" for combines, cartels and non-competitive industries, and the abolition of other controls.

Empire produce

POINT Three deals with Agriculture. The broad principle is laid down that the home producer must come first. Empire producers next, and thereafter the foreigners. Who will quarrel with that? Whether farmers can be trusted to farm as efficiently and cheaply as possible when they are given guaranteed prices and a protected market must remain an open question.

Point Five gives a pledge on the social services. They will be "maintained" but extravagance and incompetence are to be eliminated. Beaverbrook for once agrees with Bevan; neither of them wants a health tax.

But how much money could be saved by an economy and efficiency drive? Would it be enough to enable substantial reductions in income-tax, even combined with the economies promised in other directions, and particularly in payments abroad?

Clem Davies, for the Liberals, was the only front bench

speaker in the recent Commons debate who made specific proposals for reductions in expenditure. A dash of Liberal realism would have strengthened the Manifesto here.

Point Eight abolishes the House of Lords. It is to be replaced by an elected second chamber with the same powers. This is Pollitt's bribe. Presumably the new second chamber will be elected on a different franchise from the Commons. Otherwise this country would be reduced to single-chamber government.

I am opposed to a surgical operation of this drastic character. A gradual reform of the composition of the Lords would be more in keeping with the English tradition of constitutional development.

Point Nine deals with Defence. A stockpile of atom bombs is to be built up in Britain to ensure equal standing with America and Russia. Conscription goes, and a Regular Army is to be recruited with good pay and conditions. Another measure which, while desirable in the long run, would bring about an immediate increase in Government expenditure.

Isolationist

POINT 10 is about Foreign Policy. First, the mistakes and blunders of the last four years have to be redeemed; the animosities between ourselves and almost every other nation of the world wiped out. When that "first" point has been carried out, there will be precious little need for a foreign policy.

Beaverbrook's policy is strongly isolationist. Britain with her Empire should assist only those countries coming directly under her protection, "refusing absolutely to become involved in quarrels and disputes distressing the world elsewhere."

If carried through in 1939 that policy would have meant that Britain would not only have refused to fight over the fate of the Czechs, we would have watched the rape of Poland without lifting a finger.

That was in fact Lord Beaverbrook's policy at the time. He was a leader in strongly supporting the re-armament programme and at the same time he was consistently opposing the war up to its very outbreak.

And then, once we were involved, he threw all his dynamic energy into the struggle, and played a major part in achieving victory.

So his philosophy remains unchanged. He would fight for the Empire; he would fight, it seems, if America were involved in war. But for no one else.

Stagecraft

FINALLY, there is a superb piece of stagecraft in the postscript, where Beaverbrook declares that the next Government should be "free from the preponderant influence of those Cabinet Ministers who served in the Administration of 1935."

Whom does this affect? I have looked up the names. Among them are Eden, Oliver Stanley, R. A. Butler, Lord Salisbury, Halifax, Hore-Belisha and Swinton. Evidently these are the men whom Beaverbrook fears.

As far as I can see the only Tories left are Churchill, Bracken and Beaverbrook, with Lord Woolton to run the flag on Abbey House down to half-mast.

This is the most intriguing section of the whole document. Beaverbrook seems ready, indeed positively eager, to throw over the Old Gang of the Tory Party in favour of Empire-minded Liberals.

How will the Liberals react? Their free trade element will dislike the "extension of Imperial Preference." But elsewhere there is much in common between this Manifesto and the Liberal programme.

Putting a spurt into the Orient Express

By Bernard Drew

HAVE you ever wondered how a railway timetable, especially an intricate Transcontinental one involving several countries is devised?

I listened recently to 200 railway experts representing 22 European countries doing it, at one of the most extraordinary conferences ever held in Britain. About 100 men from inside and outside the Iron Curtain all round long-balcony tables in the Royal Pavilion at Brighton. About 100 more are in adjoining rooms surrounded with briefcases and masses of documents.

Russia has sent her greatest railway experts but the men from Moscow have not been allowed to bring their wives. French and German are the only languages spoken, so interpreters play an important part. The British delegation started proceedings, by saying they could save five minutes on embarkation by tightening up formalities on the Simplon-Orient express.

Passengers would cross to Calais from Dover instead of Folkestone.

The French agreed to cut out delay at Paris Nord station. Twelve other countries offered to speed up the train by various ways.

By the end of the day 36 hours had been knocked off the 2,000-mile journey from London to Istanbul.

All friendly

Next May travellers will leave London at 10 a.m. and reach Istanbul on the night of the third day. Before the war it took just three days and three nights.

I was impressed by the friendliness of the discussions. There was much voluble argument, but little disagreement, and no sign of any veto.

The Orient express, which runs from London to Budapest, came up for consideration.

There was a proposal to cut out the loop to Bratislava, over the Czech border. Czech representatives appealed that the train should be allowed to continue to run through their territory.

A brainwave

Meeting criticisms of delay, they offered to waive visa formalities and speed up the train by 50 minutes.

"It goes on like this all the time," said Mr H. J. Bourn one of the British delegates. "We get a little way, then we stop. We go a little way further. Then we stop again. Later we adjourn."

"Overnight someone has a brainwave, and the whole thing is torn up and begun again. But in the end we agree."

The conference's job is to fix schedules for the six main express trains in Europe. Their times form the basis of all the other timetables that run on the Continent.

Enjoy a ride

Mr R. E. Sinfield, Continental superintendent of the Southern Region of British Railways, said: "I think rail men never because we have to, otherwise we should lose the train."

"Much is settled at informal talks. We have all been friends for years."

Chairman of the conference is 64-year-old Mr Ernest Halliwell, of Berne, who said to me: "The railways are here to overcome the obstacles which politicians create in the world."

When sessions are over most delegates enjoy a motor-coach ride.

(London Express Service)

C.V.R. Thompson Reports The American Scene

NEW YORK.

EXPERTS predicted recently that US air and shipping lines may be forced to buy British.

Prediction No. 1 came from Philip Fleming, boss of the US Maritime Commission, which controls America's mercantile marine.

Back from a tour of British shipyards, he said that since sterling devaluation they can compete so successfully with US shipyards that even American companies might give them their contracts.

Said he: "Devaluation will have an immediate and serious impact on US shipyards. I would hate to see US building go to Britain, but the British yards are given great advantages in costs through devaluation."

Prediction No. 2 came from Willwood Beall, a vice-president of the company which makes the B-36 bomber and the Stratofortress.

He warned: "As things stand today, it may well be that we will lose world markets to British jets and, because of competition, find our own airlines forced into buying British for lack of such types in this country."

BOOM TIMES are coming back, says Dr Edwin Nourse, chief economic adviser to President Truman. In private talks Dr Nourse promises that 1950 will be a first-class year for business—if this year's strikes do not last too long.

WAIL does not pay, said columnist Henry McElmore, in a report from Lon-

don. Why he has reached that conclusion: "I don't believe any other could have endured for ten years what the British have endured, and I say that with the full knowledge that I have never been especially fond of England."

A COLD cannot be cured, "wonder" drugs, said the American Medical Association's journal. The best way to treat one, said the journal, is still to stay in bed.

HOTELS in America's winter resorts in California and Florida complained recently that their bookings are down by as much as 12 percent. They say that devalued currencies are tempting people to go to Europe instead.

By Ernie Bushmiller

NANCY

SHE'S THE



FOR YOUR SPARE MOMENTS

MCKENNEY ON BRIDGE

Counting Tricks Is Clue to Success

AKQJ8	10974	Q85	None
864	5J2	K74	A864
1072	AKQ3	KJ1003	Rubber—E-W vul.
South	West	North	East
1♥	Pass	1♠	Pass
2♣	Pass	3♦	Pass
4♦	Pass	5♥	Pass
6♥	Pass	Pass	Pass
Opening—♥2			26

BY WILLIAM E. MCKENNEY

THERE are many successful men who started out in school with one goal in mind, and ended on top of the heap in an altogether different field. Bill McKenney, of New York City, is an example of this. He and his associates have made a name for themselves in the radio industry, and are now producing a series of radio programs in the country. Some of his present shows are "Winner Take All," "Beat the Clock," "Hit the Jack-pot," and his latest one, "Spin to Win."

Bill's father wrote the first text book on Wall Street accounting and founded the course in that subject at New York University. Bill went to Johns Hopkins University to study medicine. Having graduated a year younger than the average, he decided to put in a little time taking some additional courses. He had been editor of the college magazine, and had worked on the year book. One day he wrote and directed a one-minute dramatic commercial for some one of the greatest producers and directors in the country.

Bill says that his dad, who is a great mathematician, is a great bridge player. As Morris Ellis, one of the great bridge players, pointed out to me, it only takes a little mathematics to make today's hand.

The opening lead of the deuce of hearts should be won with the queen. Now declarer should count his tricks—five spades and five hearts. Therefore, he must use two of dummy's trumps to ruff two clubs, to make his contract. Of course, if the hearts were split two-two, declarer might make seven. He is in a good contract and should try to make it.

He should ruff a club, return a diamond and ruff with the three of hearts, then ruff another club. Lead the ten of hearts, overtake it with the king, pick up the other trump and concede a diamond trick at the end.

Check Your Knowledge

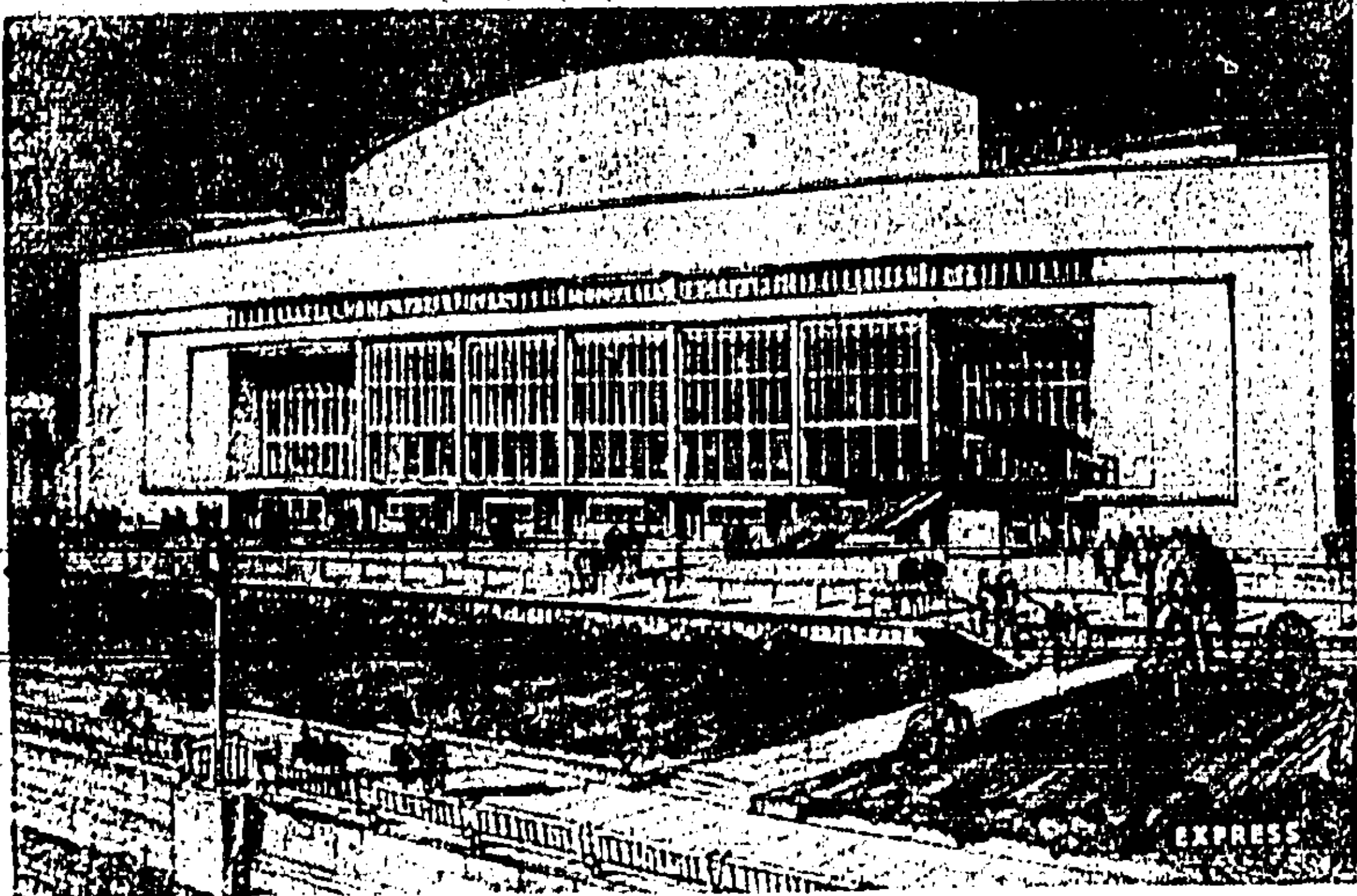
1. Name the largest city in Scotland.
2. Who is said to be Italy's outstanding composer of operas?
3. Give the pseudonyms of Charlotte, Emily and Anne Bronte.
4. What do you mean by prophetic?
5. In what year was the Suez Canal completed?
6. Locate Mt. Everest, the highest Mountain in the world.

(Answers in Column 5)

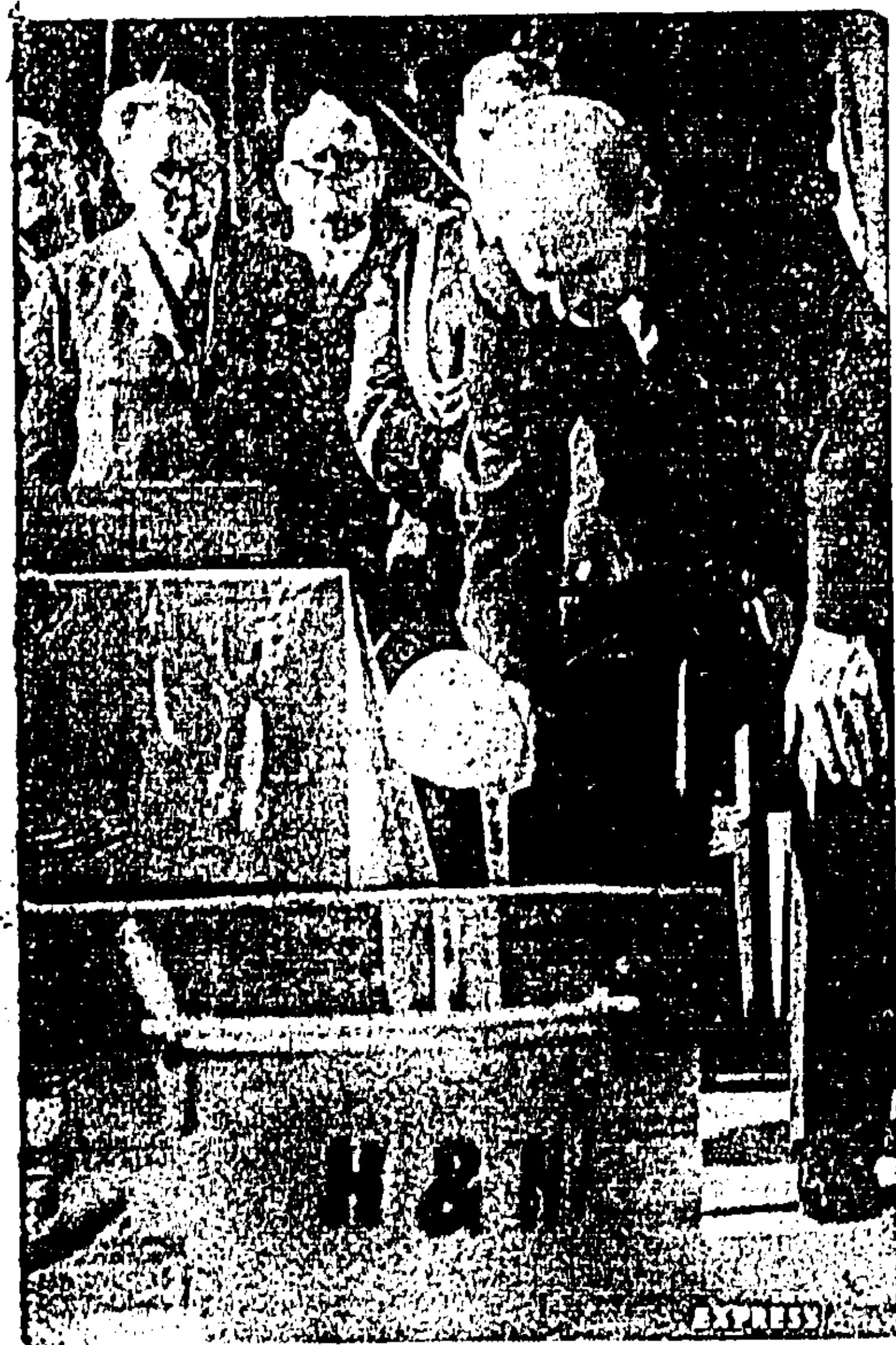
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Concert Hall For 1951 Festival



Above is a model of the concert hall which will be a feature of the 1951 Festival of Britain. It is on the south bank of the Thames, will seat over 3,000 people and will cost £2,000,000 including furnishings. Below, Mr Clement Attlee, the Prime Minister, lays the foundation stone for the concert hall.



Dutch Preparing To Withdraw Troops From Java

Batavia, Oct. 27.—A very high Dutch military authority told Ruter tonight that the Dutch and Indonesian armies were now regrouping "to meet any situation which might arise from the grant of sovereignty to Indonesia."

The measures included the withdrawal of outposts and the concentration of forces throughout a large part of Java and Sumatra. The authority said that the "December 7" Division, totalling about 20,000 men, many of them trained in Britain, would be withdrawn to Holland by the end of the year after three years' active service in Indonesia.

Six British troops had been chartered to repatriate the Division, most of whom would be demobilised in Holland, the remainder being retained and trained as part of Holland's contribution to the Western Union forces.

The authority added: "The Army High Command has fully informed the Netherlands Government of the dangers inherent in the Indonesian situation after the grant of sovereignty."

THE MAIN TASK

"A firm decision on what is to be done with the Royal and Dutch-Indonesian armies concerning their military and political position after sovereignty is needed urgently."

"We soldiers want to know how long we shall be remaining in Indonesia, how we are to transfer military authority to the Republic, for much war material is to be handed to the Republic and under what conditions," the authority declared.

"The main task of the Dutch Army after the transfer of sovereignty is to protect the lives and property of the Europeans. This can be assured in the cities where we are in strength."

The source said that most of these questions were presumably discussed by the Military Committee of the Republic, but in general, the Republican attitude concerned only with the actual transfer of sovereignty and not with its grave military consequences.

"In the political arguments the military aspect appears to

have been neglected, yet it is of the utmost importance for the new nation and the protection of life and property," he added. "An early announcement on the military situation would allay fears and enable the transfer of power to proceed peacefully."

TRANSFER OF POWER

The source said that the transfer of power in India was not a true parallel with that in Indonesia as the British forces handed over military and police control to well-organised and disciplined forces retaining a high proportion of British officers and commanded by British generals.

"The Republican Army seems to reject Dutch military advice and has not the training or discipline of the Netherlands forces," the high military source declared.

He added that the future of the "Southeast Asian base in East Java was one for the naval authorities. It belonged to the Netherlands, not to Indonesia.

Competent foreign military observers today considered the Dutch concentration of forces in East Java as the prelude to further withdrawal to main evacuation centres when orders covering the military transfer of power are received from The Hague.

They expressed fears that a large proportion of the Dutch-Indonesian forces, especially the Ambonese, would be unwilling to serve under Republican command.—Reuter.

Belgian Ship In Distress

London, Oct. 27.—An SOS from the Belgian steamer, Suzon, of 1,920 tons, in the Bay of Biscay, was picked up this morning. Lloyd's shipping intelligence reported.

The American steamer, Helycon III, was reported to be proceeding to her assistance. The Suzon was en route from Spain to Liverpool.—Reuter.

FICTITIOUS ATTACK BY NAZIS

Hamburg, Oct. 27.—The prosecution today attempted to link the former German Field Marshal, Erich von Manstein, with the Nazi engineered incident which started the war.

Von Manstein, facing trial on 17 charges of war crimes in Poland and Russia, was asked by the chief prosecutor, Sir Arthur Comyns-Carr, whether he had obtained Polish uniforms for three German storm battalions to make a fictitious attack on the German radio station at Gleiwitz in August 1939.

Von Manstein said he did not remember but recalled that Hitler said he would use German communists in Polish uniforms attack the station.

He termed the ruse a "political extravagance."

Von Manstein said he heard later that the radio station was attacked but he did not know who arranged it. Germany delivered an ultimatum to Poland after the Gleiwitz incident.

DENIED CONNECTION
He added that if he had asked for the uniforms it was probably for another ruse of war equivalent to sailing under a false flag.

Manstein denied that he was connected with any plan to create a pretext for the war. Sir Arthur asked von Manstein if he knew why Jews were expelled from Upper Silesia after the German Army had occupied half of Poland.

He replied, "It was not the custom in the German Army to explain orders."

Further questioned about the expulsions from Upper Silesia, von Manstein referred to other "expulsions." He said that 12,000,000 Germans were expelled from Eastern Germany by the Allies after the last war. There were also, he said, mass expulsions of Greeks from Turkey after the First World War.

He added that, he observed, had the approval of the powers.

The trial will continue on Friday.—Associated Press.

PARIS BANK HELD UP

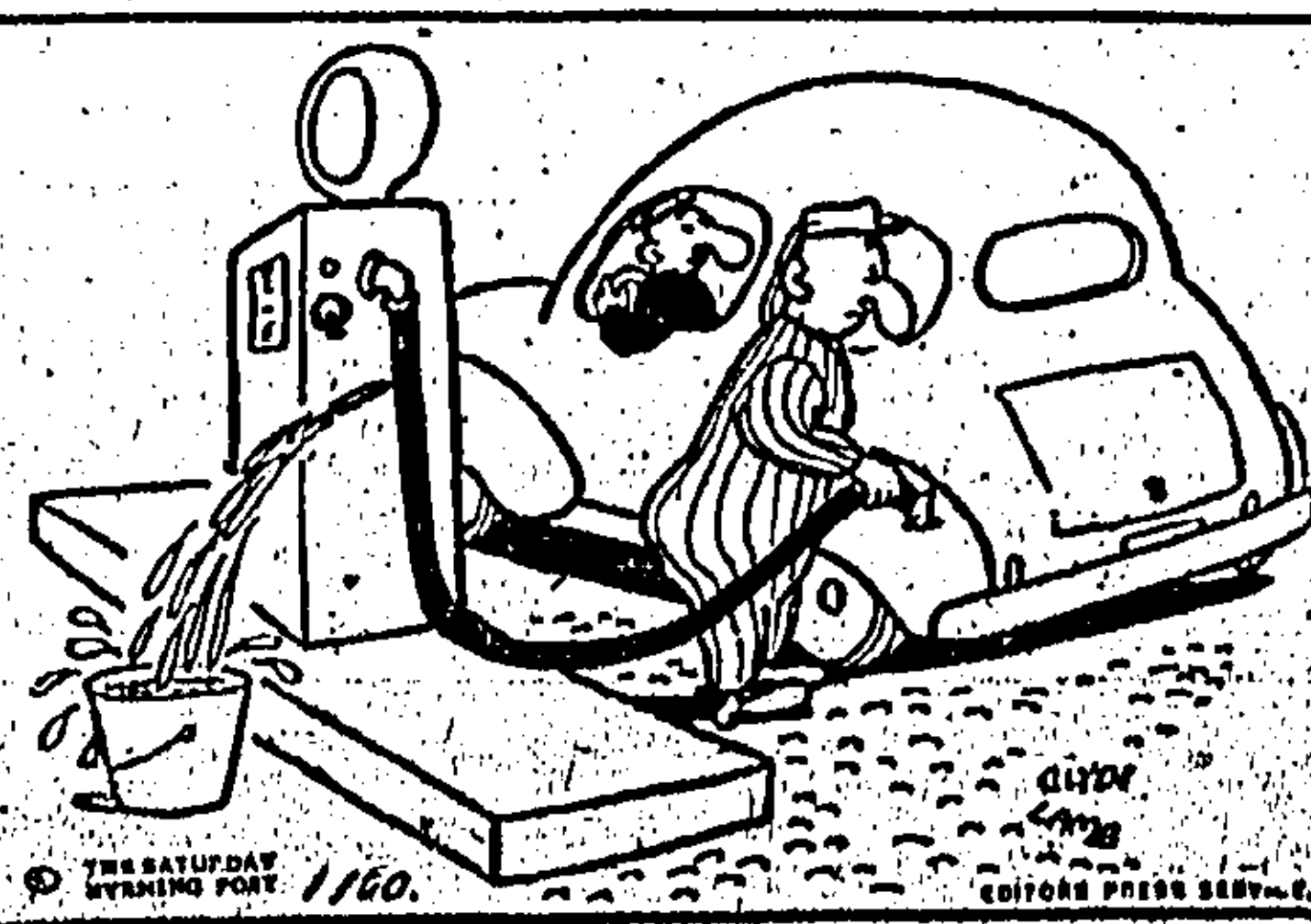
Paris, Oct. 27.—Four bandits armed with sub-machine guns robbed an armoured car of about 2,000,000 francs in a daring daylight raid in front of the Paris Bank today.

Bandits held up armed guards who were discharging bags of money in front of the Bank and made their getaway in a fast sedan.—United Press.

Divorce—Two Versions

Hollywood, Oct. 27.—Artist William Grant Sherry said today that Bettie Davis had agreed to drop her suit to divorce him if he could learn to control his temper by visiting a psychiatrist before the case came to trial.

Miss Davis' lawyers, however, stated: "There is no change at the time in Mrs Sherry's divorce plans."—United Press.



NORTH EUROPEAN DEFENCE GROUP IN EXISTENCE

London, Oct. 27.—The North European defence group of the Atlantic Pact is already in existence, it was learned today.

Informed sources revealed that the nine representatives of the group met at the Defence Ministry in London on Monday and yesterday, when they prepared the group's "schedule of work" for presentation to the group's Defence Ministers meeting here next Monday.

Bidault Before Assembly

Paris, Oct. 27.—Asking the French National Assembly today to invest him as Prime Minister, the popular Republican leader, M. Georges Bidault, declared that "legality had been on holiday" for three weeks in France.

He told the deputies that international problems and the situation at home urgently demanded that France should have a government without further delay.

M. Bidault said that the military upheaval following the British decision to develop and broken up the Republican coalition under Mr Henri Queuille, the outgoing Premier.

This Coalition must be reconstructed, he added.

M. Bidault's proposals followed the lines of those of his two unsuccessful predecessors, M. Jules Moch and M. Rene Mayer—currency stabilisation, reduction of state spending, a "once only" bonus to the poorest paid workers, free bargaining by workers, conciliation and arbitration in industry, and "regulation" of the rights of civil servants to strike.

BOTH FAILED

Both M. Moch and M. Rene Mayer failed to clinch a Cabinet-making agreement between the parties.

M. Bidault today pledged his support for the Dal Government of Vietnam and said that France would seize every opportunity to bring peace again to Indo-China. This was taken to be an indirect comment on the possibility of mediation by French efforts, the Prime Minister of India.

M. Bidault stressed the need to create a truly united Europe. It was up to Germany to create a new destiny for herself within its framework.—Reuter.

OPPOSITION TO RUHR STATUTE

Bonn, Oct. 27.—Dr Kurt Schumacher, the Social Democratic Opposition leader, told reporters here today that he was opposed to the signing by the West German Government of the Ruhr Statute in its present form.

"It tends to protect the 'invincible' social conflicts in the Ruhr on the plane of national conflict," he said. "It goes far towards direct international management of the Ruhr industry, and it fails to consider the working men of the Ruhr and to give a say to the trade unions," he added.

The Ruhr Statute contains details of the agreement made on December 25, 1948, between Belgium, France, Luxembourg, Holland, Britain and the United States for international control of basic Ruhr industries.

When the Statute was made public, it was stated that as soon as a German Government was established, it would have the opportunity of acceding to the Statute.—Reuter.

The group was composed of one representative each of the Army, Navy and Air Forces of Britain, Denmark and Norway.

Next Monday, the group's Defence Ministers are scheduled to give final approval to plans prepared at this week's meetings and "formally inaugurate the North European defence group," sources said.

They added that the "schedule of work" prepared at this week's meetings comprised two main points:

1. Allocation of arms and equipment under the military aid programme.

2. Framing of a defence plan for the North European area, which will include Spitzbergen as well as Britain, Denmark and Norway.

FIRST STEP

Sources described the meetings in London this week as the "first step towards a truly integrated force in the North European group of the Atlantic Pact." They said "strings" attached to the Military Aid Programme including United States inspection of uses to which aid equipment is put, and restriction of such usage to protection of agreed geographical areas—already been "generally accepted."

"Not all United States military equipment will have these restrictions," said informants.

Some equipment to the North European group would be supplied from U.S. surplus stock, some would be provided under the system of lend-lease and some sold outright "under favourable price conditions."

"Only equipment paid for by U.S. funds will be subject to restrictions," said sources. They believed it would be "a matter of time" before Sweden decided to join the Atlantic Pact.

Sweden's Foreign Minister, Osten Unden, is known to be opposed to joining the pact, but there has been appointed a new permanent Under-Secretary named Skjold who is known to be a firm believer in the Atlantic Pact. His views are expected to be made known before long.

Realisation is growing that it would be impossible to plan defence of the North European area without Sweden.—United Press.

PLEBISCITE ON LEOPOLD

Brussels, Oct. 27.—The Senate voted today to hold a plebiscite on the question of King Leopold's return to the Belgian throne.

The King has agreed to abdicate if he fails to get at least 55 per cent of the votes cast.

Leopold went into exile in Switzerland after the war because of criticism of his surrender of the Belgian Army to the Germans and his decision to stay in his homeland during the Nazi occupation.—United Press.

GUATEMALA EMERGENCY

Guatemala City, Oct. 27.—A state of emergency was proclaimed throughout Guatemala today after a special meeting of the President, Dr Juan Jose Arévalo, with his Cabinet.

"The national emergency created by the floods" was given as the official reason for the proclamation, but widespread rumours said that the Government had uncovered a revolutionary plot.—Reuter.

New Stamps In Russia

Moscow, Oct. 27.—Postage stamps bearing portraits of Russian playwrights and actresses were issued today to mark the 125th anniversary of the Moscow May Theatre.

The actress, Alexandra Yablochkina, told a meeting in the theatre: "We owe all our victories to our great people, our Party, our Government and our great leader, Comrade Stalin."—Reuter.

CHURCH NOTICE

JEWISH SABBATH SERVICE
"OHEL LEAH" SYNAGOGUE
(70, Robinson Road, Hongkong)
Sabbath, October 28
8.30 a.m.—Sabbath Morning Service.

POCKET CARTOON



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She just made a date with MURDER!

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Ronald Colman Claudette Colbert

In "Under Two Flags"

Commencing TO-DAY

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Bigger Than "G-MEN" Wicked Than "NAKED CITY"

THIS ONE IS LOADED!

THE DYNAMITE STORY OF THE TREASURY'S TOUGH GUYS!

EDWARD SMALL

DENNIS O'KEEFE

Produced by DENNIS O'KEEFE Directed by DENNIS O'KEEFE

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"EUROPE'S FISHERIES IN DANGER"

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only her arms can hold my love...my hate...my torment

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THE COMEDY EVERYBODY IS TALKING ABOUT!

Hilarious? Yes!

But so much more as it searches out the fun in life's gayest laughter!

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